

Great men are the true men,
the men in whom nature has suc-
ceeded.—Henri Frederic Amiel.

THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

Established June 6, 1870.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, TUESDAY, JULY 13, 1903

14 PAGES, Price 5 Cents.

Weather for Tuesday.
Fair.
The Metals.
Silver, 51 1/2 per ounce.
Copper (cathodes), 12 1/2-13c per pound.
Lead, 44.35 per 100 pounds.

STATES WILL DECIDE AS TO INCOME TAX

House Agrees to Senate Joint
Resolution by an Over-
whelming Majority.

NEGATIVE VOTES ALL CAST BY REPUBLICANS

CHAIRMAN PAYNE FEARS WE
SHALL BECOME A NATION
OF LIARS.

Washington, July 12.—By the decisive vote of 217 to 14, more than the necessary two-thirds, the house today passed the senate joint resolution providing for the submission of the income tax question to the states. The negative votes were all cast by Republicans. The resolution now goes to the president for his signature.

The debate lasted about four hours. Chairman Payne made a committee on ways and means voiced the sentiment that such a tax would make "a nation of liars."

The burden of the Democratic speeches was that it was simply a case of stealing Democratic thunder, although some of the remarks on that side incidentally pointed upon the tariff and the corporation tax, with no little amount of criticism of the Republicans for failure, as was alleged, to keep party pledges.

After agreeing to take a vote today at 4 o'clock on the joint resolution providing an amendment to the resolution authorizing the levying of an income tax, regardless of apportionment among the several states, the house proceeded to discuss the proposition.

TAFT FAVORS LOWER RATE OF TAXATION

Under the New Scheme Cor-
porations Will Pay Only
One Per Cent.

ANOTHER CONFERENCE AT THE WHITE HOUSE

STAND-PATTERNS HAVE THE EAR
OF PRESIDENT—SCHEDULES
IN CONTROVERSY.

Washington, July 12.—At a conference at the White house today it was decided that the rate to be levied under the new corporation tax shall be reduced from 2 per cent to 1 per cent and that in regarding the measure now in conference along with the tariff bill to meet various objections that have been raised, consideration shall be given the demands of the mutual life insurance companies.

President Taft was the central figure in a number of conferences today. He told several of his callers today that he is finding the conferees conciliatory and that he is hopeful that a satisfactory measure will be presented to him for his signature. The conference report should be available, according to the president's information, by the end of next week.

Insurance Companies Protected.

As to the mutual insurance companies, it is stated that the redrafted bill will provide that portion of the income may be deducted before the tax on monies available for dividends is assessed. It will be so arranged that the tax shall fall upon stockholders' profits. Allowances will be made for annuities and other long term contracts which the companies have outstanding.

The president is said to feel that the withdrawal of the corporation tax in favor of the inheritance tax adopted by the house would be unfair to a number of senators who supported the corporation tax in preference to the income measure. It was the president who first suggested a graduated inheritance tax. Such strong opposition to this measure developed in the states where an inheritance tax already is levied that he brought forward the corporation tax as the next best means of wiping out the treasury deficit.

Favored by Taft.

It is authoritatively declared that as to the maximum and minimum the president is in favor of the administrative features of the senate bill.

It is considered to be less drastic than the house provision, which has been characterized in the senate as retaliatory in its nature, whereas the senate provision is an attempt toward reciprocal trade agreements.

Senator Aldrich, Attorney General Wickersham, Senator Burrows, Senator Smoot, Representative Fordney and Speaker Cannon were among those who discussed the tariff and the corporation tax with the president today.

Metal Schedule Held Up.

Determined opposition was shown by the house conferees today to the increase from 15 cents to 25 cents a pound, which the senate made on lead bullion. As a result this schedule was held up and consequently there has been no settlement of the amendments to the item in the chemical schedule, such as points, which the senate made on lead bullion. A good example of the manner in which the conferees have proceeded.

The more important of the subjects passed over in the metal schedule are iron ore, lead bullion and zinc ore and bauxite. There are a large number of amendments relating to finished products of these ores that cannot be disposed of until the main subjects are settled.

Senate May Weaken.

Iron ore was placed on the free list by the house, and made dutiable at 25 cents a ton by the senate. The Dingley rate is 40 cents a ton. The general impression is that the senate will make a concession to the house, and that as a compromise the rate may be fixed at 10 or 15 cents a ton.

The house provision for free bauxite, struck out by the senate and the existing rate of 15 per cent ad valorem substituted, and for \$1 on lumber, which rate was materially increased in the senate, will be the subjects of contests. It is not likely, however, that they will be reached this week.

Tax on Cotton Bagging.

That cotton bagging, which was put on the free list by the senate, is not to remain undisturbed is one of the first predictions made in regard to the proposed action of the conference committee on the bill. The house conferees contend that a number of manufacturers of cotton bagging would be compelled to shut down if that article should remain on the free list and it is said the senate conferees will not need much urging to agree to return bagging to the dutiable list.

Another prediction made by regard to the action of the conferees is that the

WRIGHT'S SUCCESSFUL FLIGHT

Washington, July 12.—Orville Wright this evening made a successful flight in the Wright airplane at Fort Myer, remaining in the air five and one-half minutes, during which time the machine attained the speed of about 40 miles an hour and circled the grounds half a dozen times, a total distance of about three and a half miles.

Mr. Wright concluded not to prolong the trial because the motor of the machine, which had just been repaired, was not working perfectly.

Shortly after 7 o'clock, after 2,000 spectators had waited for one and a half hours, the breeze died down sufficiently to permit of a flight. When the signal to start was given the machine shot forward instantly and mounted gracefully in the light breeze. Mr. Wright guided the flyer to the lower end of the large parade ground and circled around toward the starting point, gradually rising higher from the ground. A burst of applause greeted him as he passed the starting point and sped away on the second round.

After passing the crowd the sixth time the aviator descended easily and alighted with no apparent jar, the machine gliding smoothly over the ground until it came to a stop at a point near the shed.

The Wrights intended to make only short flights until the new bearings have become worn down, and the propelling motor is working perfectly. Then they will make the official test to meet conditions prescribed by the government.



Real Prosperity Is Coming.

YOUNG PEOPLE NOT IN CONTROL STEEL STEAMERS COLLIDE IN LAKE SUPERIOR AND ONE GOES TO BOTTOM

Epworth League Now a Society of Old People—Will Be Brought Back to Start.

Seattle, Wash., July 12.—The eighth international convention of the Epworth league of the United States and Canada adjourned today, to meet again in 1913, the city and place to be chosen by the board of control. The closing day was spent by thousands at the annual Yukon-Pacific exposition. In happy celebration of Epworth League day.

Tonight the eastern delegates began to scatter north and south, few starting directly home, and the copper lode of the Epworth league will be familiar to all on the coast for many days. The convention brought to the front the issue whether the league should be ruled by the bishops and the old people, the young to be quiet and pay dues. The convention meetings were largely attended, but consisted only of a sprinkling of young people, although the latter were in a vast majority among the delegates who registered at local headquarters.

Young Delegates Absent.

Row after row of gray-haired men and women stretched before the speakers in the great armory hall, with only here and there a bright bonnet and young face. Some of the speakers dwelt on the besetting perils of worldliness, including under this the danger of cards and the theatre. The old people said "Amen" to this, but the young were silent. Other speakers told the gray-heads that they had no business in the convention or in the league.

While no vote was taken, there was a general consensus of opinion that the league must be reorganized at once if it is to carry out the purpose of its founders—that of a young people's society.

IRRIGATION IN IDAHO.

Government to Use Canals and Laterals Already Constructed.

(Special to The Herald.)
Washington, D. C., July 12.—The secretary of the interior has approved the contract with the Nampa-Meridian irrigation district and Payette-Boise Water Users' association, which provides for use by the government of the canals and laterals of the Nampa-Meridian irrigation district in reclamation of certain lands belonging to the Payette-Boise project, Idaho, and for adjustment of expenses of operation and maintenance of canals and laterals of the Nampa-Meridian irrigation district, title to all easements to extensions to lands in the United States. The lands involved consist of about 50,000 acres lying within the boundaries of the above named irrigation districts and below their canals. It was deemed inadvisable for the United States to construct new canals and laterals to irrigate these lands when the work could be done more cheaply by utilizing the canals and laterals of the district.

MANUFACTURER DYING.

Boston, July 12.—Alexander Pope, the manufacturer of bicycles and automobiles, is dying at his summer home in Cohasset. He is suffering from various physical complications due to advanced age and has been confined to his bed for many weeks. His physicians hold out no hope for his improvement.

TORNADO IN ILLINOIS.

Danville, Ill., July 12.—A tornado visited Fifield near here today, wrecking a number of stores and damaging a large elevator there, and also the sub-power house of the Illinois Traction system. So far as known few persons were hurt.

BALLINGER'S VACATION.

Seattle, July 12.—Richard A. Ballinger, secretary of the interior, and Mrs. Ballinger came home today to spend their summer vacation. On the way west Secretary Ballinger spent several days in the Yellowstone National park.

UTAH SPRINGS GETS A TOUCH OF HIGH LIFE

Three Young Desperadoes.
Masked, Hold Up Resort
and Rob Postoffice.

MANAGER RECEIVES UGLY GUN WOUND

MANY SHOTS FIRED—BETWEEN
\$100 AND \$500 TAKEN—THE
ROBBERS ESCAPE.

(Special to The Herald.)
Ogden, July 12.—Utah Hot springs, ten miles north of Ogden, was given a touch of real west life tonight when three young desperadoes with handkerchiefs over their faces entered the office and in the midst of a regular fusillade of pistol shots held up and robbed all in sight. Richard Barnett, manager, was shot through the right arm above the elbow in a most cowardly manner. He was one of those in the office when the highwaymen entered and threw up his hands when ordered to do so. He was still holding up his hands when one of the thieves shot him through the arm. He was then compelled to stand with the other hand in the air while the robbery was being completed, although he was in danger of bleeding to death from his wound. He fainted in the arms of the bystanders when the thieves were gone. He was taken to his room and Dr. Edward L. Rich made a record run from Ogden in his automobile under the impression that the man was bleeding to death. The injury proved to be less serious, however, although the bone was shattered and an artery had been cut by the ball from a 44-caliber revolver.

Bullets Fly Fast.

At the time the highwaymen entered the place there were present, in addition to Mr. Barnett, Frank Dalby, C. E. Olson, postmaster; Clerk L. A. Looftrow, Carl Nelson, Oregon Short Line station agent, and Albert Spaulding. These men all threw up their hands when ordered to do so with the exception of Mr. Dalby. He made a dash from the room, and with bullets flying around his ears, escaped through a window. He ran to the bathroom, got possession of the cash—about \$80—and hid it. Looftrow was shot at twice, one of the bullets passing through a large plate glass window in the front of the office. He became tired of standing with his hands up so long and undertook to change his position. A bullet flying past his ear gave him to understand that this would not be permitted.

A. G. Schilling, a passenger conductor on the Union Pacific, whose home is at Cheyenne, heard the firing from another room and started for the office. He reached the door when a bullet crashed into the wall within a few inches of his face. He dodged into a room and escaped.

J. C. Crawford and Frank Paine met with a similar experience. They were running down the hall to the office when they were greeted with a shower of bullets and broke for shelter. About four of the bullets were fired. Some of these flew into the pool room, missing those in the plunge by a small margin. The first shot fired stopped the clock at 10:30.

Overlook Some Valuables.

While two of the highwaymen kept watch at the doors the third, with an eight-pound miner's hammer and drill, smashed the safe in the postoffice and scattered the contents about the floor. The money and valuables were taken from the pockets of those in the office, taking \$50 from Barnett, \$7 from Looftrow and smaller amounts from the others. He missed \$61 in the pockets of Carl Nelson and a large diamond pin that Barnett was wearing. The man who went through the safe missed \$300 belonging to W. M. Slickos of Pioche, Nev., \$110 belonging to C. H. Carren, another guest at the Springs, and about \$100 belonging to other guests and to the postoffice.

Sheriff Wilson and Deputy Sheriff Hutchens made a flying trip to the scene of the robbery in the automobile of William Howell, but many conflicting stories greeted them that it was

TORNADO IN OHIO.

More Than a Score of Persons Injured in Butler County.

Hamilton, O., July 12.—More than a score of persons were injured in a tornado that swept over the western part of Butler county late today. At Seven-Mile station the funeral procession of Mrs. Sarah Lloyd was caught in the wind. Five carriages, containing twenty persons, were blown across a road and hurled against a fence, injuring all of the occupants, none fatally.

Two carriages containing six persons were thrown over the fence and held prisoners while the vehicles were subjected to severe evolutions.

WITHOUT FOOD OR WATER.

Explosion of Gasoline Launch—Crew Left on Desert Island.

El Paso, Tex., July 12.—In a pitiable condition from the hardships endured on a desert island in the Tres Marias group, without food or water for several days, seventeen survivors in the crew of the gasoline launch "Charles Hansen" were landed at San Blas, according to dispatches from the Jefe Politico of that place. One of the crew died of starvation. The survivors were brought to San Blas on the steamer Union, arriving yesterday. The explosion took place some days ago between the Tres Marias and Cabo Corrientes and was attributed to the dynamite becoming ignited from a gasoline tank that had taken fire. The crew escaped when the fire occurred, and before the explosion took place.

WRECK IN MONTANA.

Columbia Falls, Mont., July 12.—Great Northern "Oriental Limited" left the rails five miles west of Rexford, Mont. It is reported that the engineer, fireman and one messenger were seriously injured. Traffic will be delayed four to ten hours. Cause of the accident is unknown.

J. H. ANDERSON'S NAME GOES TO SENATE TODAY

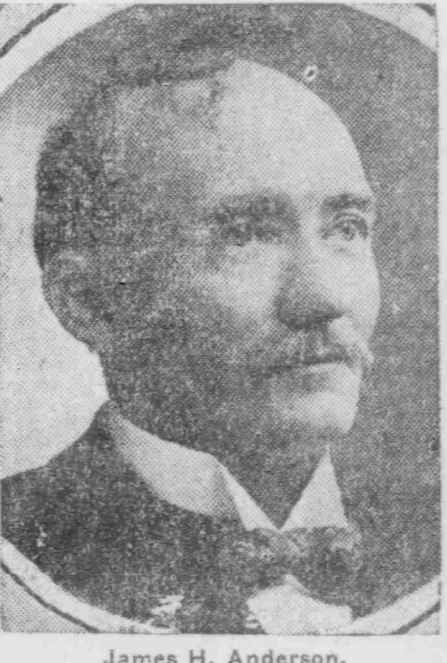
Taft Will Name Federal Bench-
er United States Marshal
at Smoot's Request.

SPEEDY CONFIRMATION IS NOW IN ORDER

J. U. ELDRIDGE, JR., C. FRANK
EMERY AND D. C. ROBERTS
CANDIDATES FOR PLACE.

(Special to The Herald.)
Washington, D. C., July 12.—Senator Smoot called upon President Taft today and for the Utah delegation recommended the nomination of James H. Anderson as United States marshal for Utah to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of William Spry, filled temporarily by Marshall Smith. The president will name the name to the senate immediately, probably tomorrow, and Smoot will make an effort to have the most technical delay attending confirmation waived and expects to have confirmation speedily follow the nomination.

While the nomination was recommended in the name of the entire delegation, it is essentially a Smoot prize for Sutherland and only negative for Anderson. His choices for the place has been Eldridge.



James H. Anderson.

but he has not pushed very vigorously for Eldridge, for against Anderson, conceding in a measure that Smoot's wishes in regard to this particular appointment should be deferred to, Howell has been for Anderson, although disclaiming the right of any choice in naming the appointee.

Smoot also saw the president today in reference to the resolution which passed congress authorizing the war department to issue costs and tents for use at the G. A. R. encampment at Salt Lake. Through an oversight the resolution had not been signed by the president, and when attention was called to this today he at once signed it, making it a law. The war department will immediately send an available supply of tents and costs from San Francisco, and if the supply is not sufficient, will supplement it from Philadelphia.

APPOINTMENT ENDS INTERESTING SCRAMBLE OF FOUR CONTESTANTS

The appointment of James H. Anderson as marshal will settle a question about which there has been no end of speculation in the Utah press for the past four-cornered. In addition to Anderson, the active candidates for the place were J. U. Eldridge, Jr., C. Frank Emery of Salt Lake, and David C. Roberts of Logan. According to reports from Washington "Jodie" Eldridge stuck to his collar until the last, but Senator Smoot insisted on Anderson and Senator Sutherland gave way. Eldridge already has a fat office as assayer in charge of the newly established office in this city. Emery was sheriff for six years. "Dave" Roberts is the only one of the quiet who appears to have been just outside the brackets, neither having had anything in the past, nor so far as known, having very bright prospects for getting anything from the federal fishpond in the future. It is generally understood, however, that pledges have been made during the scramble for the marshmanship in order to keep Eldridge, Emery and Roberts from kicking over the traces too vigorously.

Anderson, who is generally known as "Fussy Jimmy," is a past master in the art of office holding, although he has never risen to the rank of the trough before his present elevation. His long suit has been deputyships, and at this time he is a deputy in the office of E. J. Caldwell, collector of internal revenue. In 1903 he was elected county commissioner. He was chairman of the Republican state committee, and is a federal hunter from the soles of his feet to the crown of his hat.

Anderson was born in Salt Lake City, Feb. 13, 1857. His father was James Anderson, a native of Scotland, who came to the United States in 1849 and to Utah in 1854. He attended the university and taught school for a short time after leaving the university. He followed the art of printer for a time and then became a member of editorial force of the Deseret Evening News, where he remained until his office holding career began. He is an active worker in Mormon church affairs as well as a politician.

FEDERATION OF MINERS

Denver, July 12.—With the report of the credentials committee tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock the actual work of the Western Federation of Miners' convention, which opened here today, will commence. This will be followed by the annual reports of officers, which will show the organization to be in excellent condition, both as to membership and finances. The convention will be held, but the inability of the credentials committee to complete its report necessitated an adjournment until tomorrow. Only a few minor contests for seats have developed.

A determined fight to depose Charles H. Moyer as head of the organization will be made by the Butte, Mont., delegates. They are pushing P. W. Flynn of Butte for the presidency of the order, and with this idea in view are advocating the postponement of election of officers by the convention in favor of an election by referendum vote.

President Moyer has not yet announced whether or not he would be a candidate for re-election, but it is understood that he would accept the honor if offered him. Moyer's imprisonment at Boise, Ida., in connection with the Haywood trial has undoubtedly strengthened him with the order, and he probably will have the full strength of the delegates outside of the Socialist element. The Socialists will fight not only for the overthrow of Moyer, but also of C. E. Mahoney.

The question of affiliation with the Industrial Workers of the World, the Socialist organization, will again come up, but unfavorable action is almost a foregone conclusion.